Chlamydia and Gonorrhea Treatment Guide

	PREFERRED TREATMENT - TREATMENT CONDITIONS			
STI	RECOMMENDED REGIMENS	FOR PREGNANT OR LACTATING PEOPLE	CEPHALOSPORIN OR ANAPHYLACTIC PENICILLIN ALLERGY	FOLLOW-UP
CHLAMYDIA	Azithromycin 1 g PO single dose or Doxycycline 100 mg PO BID x 7 days Note: Azithromycin may be preferred when poor compliance is anticipated.	Azithromycin 1 g PO single dose or Amoxicillin 500 mg PO TID x 7 days or Erythromycin 2 g/day PO in divided doses x 7 days or Erythromycin 1g/day PO in divided doses x 14 days	Same as recommended treatment regimen.	 TEST OF CURE (NAAT): 3-4 weeks after completion of treatment when: Symptoms persist post-treatment Alternative treatment is used Pregnancy Adherence uncertain <16 yrs of age NOTE: Chlamydia genetic material may persist for longer than 4 weeks and must be considered when interpreting positive TOC results. REPEAT TESTING: recommended 3 months post-treatment for all positive individuals because risk of re-infection is high. PARTNER NOTIFICATION: May be done by the patient, HCP or Public Health. Patient's partners in the last 2 months (60 days) will need to be notified to have testing and treatment.
GONORRHEA	FIRST LINE TREATMENT FOR ALL PATIENTSCeftriaxone 500 mg IM single doseAlternative treatment for anogenital infections:Cefixime 800 mg PO in a single doseANDDoxycycline 100mg PO BID x 7 daysAlternative treatment for pharyngeal infections:Cefixime 800 mg PO in a single doseANDDoxycycline 100mg PO BID x 7 daysAlternative treatment for pharyngeal infections:Cefixime 800 mg PO in a single doseANDAxibPO in a single dose	Alternative NG treatment regimens are not recommended in pregnancy.	Gentamicin is available from GEPH by special request - 519-426-6170 ext. 3438 Please review Gonorrhea Guide: Treatment and Follow-Up for further treatment information.	 TEST OF CURE Culture is the first-line testing method for test of cure for gonorrhea and should be performed at least 3 days after completion of treatment. NAAT is a second-line option and should be performed 3 to 4 weeks post-treatment. REPEAT TESTING: recommended 6 months post-treatment for all positive individuals. PARTNER NOTIFICATION: May be done by the patient, HCP or Public Health. Patient's partners in the last 2 months (60 days) will need to be notified to have testing and treatment.

Free treatment for reportable STIs is available from GEPH

For most up-to-date Gonorrhea treatment refer to Gonorrhea Guide: Treatment and Follow-Up

For situations not listed (LGV, PID/epididymitis, congenital infections, infections in children, HIV infections or co-infections), please contact GEPH Infectious Diseases Team For testing/treatment and partner notification for syphilis please see the GEPH Syphilis Treatment Guideline on hnhu.org/bchu.org. Clients with ongoing risks for STIs or blood-borne infections, consider STI and HIV testing every 3 months

