Cradle cap is very common in babies younger than eight months. It is likely to appear during your baby’s first three months and it can linger for weeks or months. Older babies and toddlers can also get cradle cap. The affected regions are not usually itchy and do not bother baby. Other affected areas can include the eyelids, ear, around the nose and in the groin.

Causes
Cradle cap is the buildup of sticky skin oils, and scales and not caused by a bacterial infection, allergy, or from poor hygiene. Cradle cap is not contagious. The two most common causes are fungal infection and overactive glands.

Treatment
- Cradle cap is not harmful to your baby.
- Home treatment is usually all that is needed for cradle cap.
- An hour before shampooing, rub your baby’s scalp with baby oil, mineral oil or breast milk to help lift the crusts and loosen scales.
- When ready to shampoo, first get the scalp wet then gently scrub the scalp with a soft-bristle brush for a few minutes to remove the scales. You can also try gently removing the scales with a fine tooth comb.
- Wash the scalp with baby shampoo rinse well and gently towel dry. Do not try to pick off the flakes.
- Talk to your doctor if cradle cap is severe, if there is bleeding or it spreads to any other part of babies body.

Helpful Websites
Canadian Paediatric Society
www.cps.ca
Updated February 2020